THE N°. 10.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtic.

FRIDAY, *June* 28, 1745.

HAGUE, March 7, O. S.

WE have Letters from Venice, from good Hands, which adviſe, that tho' the Republic deſigns to remain neuter, it is nevertheleſs reſolved, that if the Genoeſe ſhould join the Spaniſh Army with a Body of it's Troops, to ſend a Body of Forces to Prince Lobkowitz, in order thereby to maintain a Ballance in Italy. Letters from Vienna confirm this News, and add, that the Body of Venetians will conſiſt of 12 or 15000 Men; and that the King of Sardinia has declared by his Miniſter, that if the Auſtrian Army in Italy is kept upon the Footing of 20 or 22000 Men, he will undertake to reſiſt the French and Spaniſh Army all the next Campaign.

Feb. 22, O. S. The German Poſt of Yeſterday brought Advice, that General Somerfeldt had advanced as far as Lahnberg, and made himſelf Maſter of ſeveral Magazines which the French, in the Hurry of their Retreat, had not Time to deſtroy.

March 3. The Jews here received Yeſterday the agreeable News, that the Queen of Hungary had at laſt conſented, at the Inſtances of the maritime Powers, to revoke the Edict ſhe had publiſhed for obliging all the Jews in Bohemia to evacuate that Kingdom.

Mentz (a City of the Lower Rhine in Germany), March 5, O. S. The 2d Inſtant the whole Army under M. Maillebois paſſed the Mayne; during which Paſſage ſeveral Detachments marched forwards, in order to drive the Allies from the Poſts they occupied in the Plain: But the latter having timely Notice of the Approach of the French Army, retired in pretty good Order, with the Loſs only of 7 or 8 Men killed, and a few taken Priſoners on this Occaſion.

The next Day M. Maillebois having viewed the Poſt of Cronenburg, where was a ſmall Body of Hanoverian Troops, he ſummon'd them to ſurrender Priſoners of War; which being refuſed, his Excellency ordered the Place to be battered with 3 Pieces of Cannon. The Hanoverians anſwer'd them with ſome Diſcharges from a few ſmall Field-Pieces, and defended themſelves 3 Quarters of an Hour; after which they ſurrendered Priſoners of War. This Corps was compoſed of a few Companies draughted from the Regiments of Somerfeldt, Soubiron, and Maxuell, Infantry, 40 Troopers of Verden's Regiment, and 6 Huſſars, making in all 465 Men, beſides a Colonel, a Lieutenant-Colonel, a Major, 4 Captains, 4 Lieutenants, and 3 Enſigns; who have all been ſent to Landau.

Francfort, March 6, O. S. Since the above Diſaſter, 'tis aſſured that they had their Revenge; for on the 4th, the Auſtrians entirely defeated, near Weiſbaſſen, a Body of 1200 French, three Fourths of which were either kill'd, wounded, or taken Priſoners.

Paris, March 26. The King has put off his Departure for Flanders to the 20th of May.

His Majeſty has cauſed it to be declared by his Miniſters in foreign Courts, 'That if the Territories of the King of Pruſſia 'ſhould on any Side be invaded, thro' Hatred to him, for the 'Engagements which that Prince entered into by the Union of 'Francfort; his Majeſty would never diſcontinue the War a-'gainſt the Queen of Hungary, until his Majeſty of Pruſſia had 'been entirely indemnified for his Loſſes at the Expence of that 'Princeſs.'

Vienna, March 4. The Sickneſs amongſt the Pruſſian Troops in Sileſia continues: We have Accounts, that there are no leſs than 4 Places ſhut up by themſelves, to prevent the ſpreading of the Infection. In 12 Hours the Diſtemper is begun and ended, and is generally mortal. Our Army in Upper Sileſia has received 5000 Recruits from Bohemia; and ſeveral are daily ſent into Italy, to augment the Army there. The Hungarian Inſurgents in the Duchy of Oppelen are continually ſkirmiſhing with the Pruſſians, but without any great Loſs on either Side.

Conſtantinople, Feb. 2, O. S. The Ambaſſadors and foreign Miniſters reſiding here, having been invited a few Days ago to a Conference at the Grand Vizir's Palace, this prime Miniſter made a very pathetic Speech on the Evils that wait upon War; and then told them, that the Grand Signior having maturely conſidered the great Prejudice done to Trade, by the Diſſentions and Hoſtilities amongſt the Chriſtian Princes, he thought fit to offer his Mediation: That his Highneſs had wrote to them on this Head, and that he did not doubt but they would give him ſatisfactory Anſwers.

LONDON, March 16.

Yeſterday came Advice, that the Shoreham and Leoſtoff Privateers, of London, fell in with 6 French Martinico Ships the 7th Inſtant; when after a running Fight of 3 Hours, they took two of them, which they ſent into Bantry-Bay, in Ireland. The ſaid Privateers were left in full Chace of the other 4.

Extract of a Letter from Dartmouth, dated March 1.

On the 26th of laſt Month, Admiral Medley, with the Men of War, Eaſt-India Ships, and other Merchantmen, anchored in Torbay; and the next Morning the Admiral made a Signal for the Fleet to get under Sail, the Wind being then S. E. and a great ſwelling Sea. Some were obliged to cut, others ſlipp'd or parted their Cables, which put them in great Confuſion. The Royal George, for India, ran foul of the Cape-Coaſt, for Africa; the latter ſunk and is quite loſt, but all the Crew were ſaved; and the former loſt her Head and Cut-water, and is gone to Portſmouth to refit. The Expedition, from London for Liſbon, is aſhore near Berry-Head, and bulged; Part of the

Cargo

Cargo is saved, and all the Crew. The Tyger, of and from London for Newfoundland, is lost on Berry-Head, and 170 Soldiers, 6 Sailors, and 6 Women, drowned; the Captain broke his Legs by saving himself on the Rocks. The Maidstone Man of War ran foul of the Mary, from Pool for Oporto, as she lay at Anchor, and carried away her Boltsprit, main and mizzen Masts, and did her much Damage besides. Another Man of War ran foul of the King of Portugal, for Lisbon, and broke in her Bow. The Ulysses, of London, was on board the Baracuta, and broke her Boltsprit, and received other Damages: The Baracuta is gone to Sea with the Fleet.

March 9. According to Advices from Vienna, an Express from London passed thro' that City, going to Admiral Rowley, with Orders for him to repair with his Fleet to Genoa, and to act against that Republic, if she openly declares in Favour of the Spaniards.

March 18. Letters from Flanders inform us, that they are going to open the Sluices of all such Towns as are in any Danger of being surprized by the French.

Last Saturday all the French Prisoners, except a few that were very ill, were removed from Dover Castle, in order to be sent to France to be exchanged.

March 22. It is still confidently affirmed, that Commodore Barnett, Commander of his Majesty's Ship Medway, has taken 4 French Indiamen, near the Cape of Good Hope.

March 15. Yesterday Morning came Advice, that the St. Quintin, Capt. Wells, appointed to protect the Northern Coasts, having seen the Trade safe into the Humber, stood away for Robin Hood's Bay, in Yorkshire, where they saw a Sail, and came up with her, when she appeared to be a French Privateer of 14 Carriage and 13 Swivel Guns, and 60 Men; she maintain'd a running Fight for some Time, but being damaged in her Rigging, she struck. She is called the Mateau of Dunkirk, and had taken and sunk 13 English Vessels since her being first fitted out of that Place.

Capt. Barker, in the Kouli Kan Privateer, has taken and carried into Lisbon a French Ship, from Marseilles to Havre-de Grace, laden with Soap, Cotton, Galls, &c. of 200 Tons, 18 Guns, and 89 Men, of whom 6 were killed and 15 wounded. Capt. Barker engaged this and another Ship in Company upwards of 3 Hours, but the other, tho' much damaged, escaped by favour of the Night.

March 26. Two French Privateers are taken and sent, one into Yarmouth, the other into Harwich, by 2 of our Men of War.

The Great-Britain Privateer, Capt. Wilson, in his Passage from Lisbon, has taken the St. Peter from St. Domingo, with 220 Tons of Sugar, 20 Tons of Indigo, besides Cotton, and other Commodities, and brought her into Falmouth.

James Dixen, Master of the Northumberland Man of War, is committed to the Marshalsea Prison, there to remain during Life; for taking the Command of the said Ship from the first Lieutenant (the Captain being then sick in his Cabin), and striking to the French contrary to the Advice of the other Officers.

March 2. By the Lisbon Mail which arrived Yesterday, we have Advice, that in one of the Market-places of that City, some Shops where Gunpowder was sold took Fire, by some unknown Accident; the Explosion whereof was so great, that several Houses were blown up, and others very much damaged; and it is reckoned, that 150 Persons were buried in the Ruins.

March 14. They write from Francfort, that the French have mined the fine Stone Bridge at Aschaffenburg, in order to destroy it with greater Facility, in case of Necessity.

On Monday last a Cannon of a new Invention was tried before his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, in Kensington Gardens; it was discharged 25 Times in 2 Minutes.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint William Popple, Esq; Governor and Commander in chief of the Bermuda Islands, and Captain of the Company of Foot there, in the Room of Alured Popple, Esq; deceased.

March 19. The Elector Palatine is so enraged at the heavy Contributions raised throughout his whole Dominions by the Duke of Aremberg, and the little Regard shewn to his Complaints, that it is believed he only waits the Issue of a Battle to declare War against the Queen of Hungary, and to put all his strong Places into the Hands of the French.

March 23. Last Wednesday 6 Transports failed for Gravesend, with the Remainder of the Troops for Flanders, under Convoy of the Fox Man of War.

The Chatteau Dogger Privateer of Dunkirk, of 12 Carriage and 8 Swivel Guns, and 86 Men, was taken by the Wager Man of War, on the 19th Instant.

By a private Letter from Nieuport we are informed, that on the 25th, N. S. 3 stout Privateers came out of Dunkirk, and on the 26th came out 3 more, and on the 27th, one. Among these are two of considerable Force, carrying each of them 28 Pieces of Cannon.

We hear from Milford, that there has been a warm Combat between the Crews of one of his Majesty's Tenders and the Townshend Privateer, in which several were wounded on both Sides; occasioned by the Tender's People searching for three Deserters, which they suspected to be on board the Townshend.

Admiral Martin is sailed from Plymouth on a Cruize, with 8 Men of War.

We hear that Marshal Belliſle is to have his Parole of Honour, and to live at his own Expence at or near Windsor, and be allowed to go 10 Miles beyond or round it, except towards London, on which Side he is not to go further than 5 Miles.

March 30. His Majesty's Ship the Falkland has taken the Conquerant, a French Privateer of Dunkirk, with 10 Carriage Guns, and 96 Men, and carried her into Kinsale.

The Dispatch, Cunningham, from Maryland to London, is taken by the French and carried into Morlaix.

Cork, March 1. This Morning was brought into Cove, a French Privateer of 18 Carriage Guns, and 200 Men, by two of our Privateers.

Dungarvon, March 1. Yesterday a French Privateer of 36 Guns, and 200 Men, was brought into Cork by two of our Privateers.

Kinsale, March 12. His Majesty's Ship the Augusta of 60 Guns, brought in here last Sunday the Countess de la Rieviere, a French Privateer of St. Malo, with 22 Guns and 160 Men: And some Days before, the Augusta engaged and sunk a French Privateer of 36 Guns, in the Night, supposed to be the Grand Turk, or one of equal Force, from St. Malo's.

BOSTON, June 3.

On Thursday last arrived here Capt. Smith, in a Transport, with Expresses in 8 Days from Lieutenant-General Pepperel and Commodore Warren; by whom also came Letters from most of the Officers in the present Expedition against Cape Breton, from which we learn, That since the last Account, our Forces had made their Approaches so near the Town of Louisburg, as to have compleated a Fascine Battery of 42 and 18 Pounders within 200 Yards of the West Gate; with which they had annoyed the Enemy's Works, so that they had beat down the Draw-Bridge before the Gate, and almost the whole Gate; as also the Parapet of the Demi-lune Battery fronting that Way, and had got a considerable Breach there, so as to have a fair View into the Town; where tho' they could observe the Enemy at Work in raising a Fascine Battery within the Gate against them, they kept such a continual Firing, and so successfully, they doubted not of soon having such a Breach, as would render that Place easy of Assault. —— We also learn, that they had on the North Side of the Harbour, fronting the Magazine and Demi-lune on that

that Side, raiſed another Faſcine Battery, and had got ſome 42 Pounders already there, and began to play them on the Town and Battery the Day that Capt. Smith came away, which being within a Point-blank Shot, muſt not only damage the ſaid Battery and Town on that Side, but much annoy the Enemy in the Works they are carrying on within to hinder our Approaches at the Weſt Gate; ſo that the Town was now expoſed to 5 continual Fires, which had beat down many Houſes with the Roofs, &c. of the principal ones; and in that Way done as much Damage as could be expected. —— We farther have ſure Intelligence, that our People in reconnoitering the Shores, Harbour, &c. had diſcovered a Number of Cannon on the Light-houſe Side of the Harbour, in the Water, juſt below Low Water Mark; which as is ſuppoſed were deſigned for a Battery to be built at the Light-houſe this Year; but upon the Diſcovery of our Fleet, tumbled down the Precipice into the Sea, to prevent their falling into our Hands: But nothwithſtanding our People were expoſed to the Iſland Battery, they had weighed moſt of them up; for the ſecuring of which, and the building a Faſcine Battery there, a proper Detachment was poſted: But to prevent the Recovery of theſe Cannon, the Enemy had ſallied from the Town, and about 100 of them in Boats landed on the Light-houſe Point, who were no ſooner on Shore, but a Party of ours got between them and their Boats, ſo that they fled immediately into the Woods for Shelter, their Return to the Town being impoſſible; one of theſe was taken Priſoner, who proved to be a Seaman belonging to a Snow from France, that got into the Harbour in a Fog; undiſcovered by our Cruizers, from whom they got Intelligence, that an Armament was coming from Breſt to reinforce that Place, and proceed to Annapolis-Royal, conſiſting of 3 Men of War, a 70 Gun Ship, two of 56 Guns, and two Company-Ships of 36 Guns each.

And we have further certain Accounts, that on the 18th *ult.* the Mermaid, Capt. Douglaſs, of 40 Guns, and the Shirley Galley, Capt. Rouſe, one of our Cruizers, fell in with a French Man of War, and engaged her, the former Broadſide and Broadſide; and the latter being too ſmall to lie along-ſide, and going well, annoyed her a-ſtern, or a-head, or on the Quarter, as he could beſt; and as ſhe proved a Ship of Force, and they knowing how the Commodore bore of them, fought and ſailed 'til they fell in with him and the Fleet; but Night coming on, it was 9 o'Clock before the Commodore got along-ſide near enough to engage, when after 2 or 3 Broadſides ſhe ſtruck, and aſk'd for Quarters, and was the next Day ſecured: She is call'd the Vigilant, a new Ship, having never been at Sea before, of 64 Guns and 560 Men, and was commanded by the Marquis de Maiſonfort; but the Command of her is now given to Capt. Douglaſs, who ſo gallantly engaged her in the Mermaid, and the Command of the Mermaid to Mr. Montague. It is unknown of what Conſequence the Caption of this Ship is, as ſhe proves to be laden with warlike Stores of all Kinds for ſupporting a Siege, reinforcing their Fortifications, and the ſupplying of the Indians; amongſt which are a great Number of heavy Cannon, with their Materials, beſides ſmall Arms, Bomb-ſhells, Powhorns, &c. even down to an Indian Hatchet; and excluſive of the Ship's Proviſion, 1000 Half-Barrels of Gunpowder; 'tis alſo ſaid, ſhe has on board 3 Years Pay, and all the Cloathing for the Garriſons at Cape Breton and Canada; and as there is a good Look-out for the Remainder of thoſe Ships, it is not doubted but they will meet the ſame Fate. The Vigilant, had taken, in her Paſſage from France, 2 large Ships from South-Carolina, laden with Rice for London, which are daily expected here. After this Ship was taken, ſhe was, with a great Number of Flags of all Sorts, towed in Proceſſion acroſs the Entrance of the Harbour by the Mermaid, in View of the Town, into Chapparouge Bay; and as the Enemy's Dependance muſt have been on the Arrival of theſe Ships, ſeeing their Commodore taken muſt intimidate them much. There is a Perſon of Diſtinction on board, but whether it be a new Governor, or M. Duvivier in Diſguiſe, was not diſcovered when Captain Smith came away. The Fleet now conſiſts of the Superb and Princeſs Mary of 60 Guns each; the Mermaid, Launceſton, Eltham, and Hector, of 40 Guns each; the Bien-Amie of 24 Guns; three Ships of 20 Guns each; three Snows of 20 Guns each; one Brigantine; and the Rhode Iſland and Connecticut Colony Sloops; all well mann'd and fitted; equal to which, it is not to be ſuppoſed that any Force will come from France this Year. —— Two Men of War and Capt. Snelling have taken a Ship from France, laden with Stores and Proviſions, in one of the Eaſtern Harbours; as hath the Rhode-Iſland Sloop a Brig. laden alſo with Proviſions.

By the Way of Piſcataqua we hear, that 3 Men of War are arrived at Newfoundland from England, bound to join Commodore Warren at Cape Breton. And that on the 8th of May laſt, at Durham and the adjacent Towns, they had the moſt violent Lightning and Thunder ever known, with great Rains and Hail; whereby 3 Perſons were killed at 3 different Places; and ſeveral Travellers were ſtruck off their Horſes by the Lightning, but recovered again.

The French and Indians have raiſed the Siege of Annapolis-Royal, and drawn off.

A great Fire happened laſt Month at Port St. Pierre in Martinico, which conſumed 220 Houſes, in the moſt trading Part of the Town.

PHILADELPHIA, June 13.

By a Letter from London, we learn that the Parliament proceeds vigorouſly in the Enquiry into the Conduct of the Fleet in the Mediterranean: That they had reſolved to bring in a Bill for granting a Sum of Money to any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall diſcover the N. W. Paſſage: And that they ſhow a greater Diſpoſition for regulating and advancing of Trade, than has been ſeen for ſome Years paſt.

They are raiſing 6 or 700 Men in New-England, to reinforce the Army at Cape-Breton; beſides Seamen to man the Vigilant.

ANNAPOLIS.

By a Letter from Scotland to a Gentleman here, we have an Account that John Irwin, a Perſon well-known in this Province, (particularly for his wonderful *Diſpatch* and *Integrity* in taking up Runaways, and for his remarkable *Good-Nature* in ſometimes helping them off), was hanged at Edinburgh, in November laſt, for a Robbery and Murder by him committed on the Highway.

The Juliana, Spencer; the Revolution, Mills; and the Swan, Whitepair; all bound from Maryland to Biddeford, have been taken: The two former are carried into St. Sebaſtian's, and the latter into Morlaix.

Laſt Week at Calvert County Court, three Negroes received Sentence of Death, one for Horſe-ſtealing, the other two for robbing a Store; but they have been ſince reprieved by his Excellency the Governor.

A Letter from Philadelphia, dated the 16th Inſtant, informs us, that by a Veſſel from Ireland, they have public Prints to the 26th of April, which ſay, That General Bathiani in Bavaria, has gained a compleat Victory over the French and Bavarians; in conſequence whereof the young Elector has retired, and ſues for Peace. —— That the King of Pruſſia, by the Mediation of the Czarina, has propoſed Terms of Accommodation to the Queen of Hungary; which Prince Charles had anſwered by opening the Campaign in Sileſia, upon the 10th of April. —— That the Genoeſe have ſigned a Neutrality with the King of Sardinia. —— That the allied Army in Flanders have offered Battle to the French 5 ſeveral Times, but the latter have as often declined it. —— That the Right Hon. the Lord Balti-

more has resigned his Admiralty Commission, which has since been given to Mr Lee. —— That Lestock, &c. are not yet tried; but that the King had ordered a Court-Martial, which was daily expected to sit.

The same Letter adds, that the 3 Men of War, mentioned above to have come to Newfoundland, in their Way to Commodore Warren, are safe arrived at Cape Breton.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

WHEREAS, I am informed that a Report has been raised, that Mr. *Lawrence Williams*, Merchant in *London*, had declined sending any Ships into *Patuxent* River, or to carry on any further Business that Way; which Report, altho' without Foundation, may be injurious, not only to the said Gentleman, but also to several of the Inhabitants of this Province, who have corresponded with him.

I take this Method, therefore, to inform all Persons who may be any way concern'd, that I have Advice, that Mr. *Williams* has entered into Partnership with Mr. *Morton Rockliff*; and that towards the latter End of *March*, they were getting the Goods ready, which the Correspondents of Mr. *Williams* wrote for, in order to send them into *Patuxent*, by Capt. *Ollyffe*.

Annapolis, June 21, 1745. D. DULANY.

RUN away from the Subscriber, on the 23d of this Instant, a *Yorkshire* Servant-Man, named *John Eagleston*, of low Stature, speaks broad, grey eyed, much pock-fretten, and has lately cut off his Hair: His Apparel was a light-colour'd Cloth Coat, two Osnabrigs Shirts, a Pair of Shoes, a Pair of large old short Trowsers, a Felt-Hat, and a Silk Handkerchief: He has also a Bag with Flour, and some Meat; and is supposed to have got a black Horse branded S Y.

Whoever secures the said Servant, without further Charge, shall have 20 *s.* Reward, beside what the Law allows.

JOHN SMITH PRATHER.

Just Imported in the Ship CUNLIFFE,

AND to be Sold by *Robert Morris*, at *Oxford* in *Talbot* County, a Quantity of white Salt: Also a Variety of *European* and *India Goods*.

PAPER-MONEY for Bills of Exchange. Enquire of the Printer hereof.

JUST IMPORTED, and to be Sold by WILLIAM GOVANE, *at his House on the North Side of* Severn *River*,

CHOICE *Barbados*, and *New-England* Rum, fine Powder and *Muscovado* Sugars; very Cheap, (by Wholesale) for Bills of Exchange, or Current Money.

STRAYED from the Subscriber's Plantation, near *Annapolis*, two white Chair-Horses; one of them has a Slit in his right Ear, and is branded, as believed, W L; the other is branded T P. They were lately bought of Mr. *Robert Murray*, living near *Conestogo* on *Susquehanna*, towards which Place they are supposed to have gone.

Whoever will bring the said Horses, either to Mr. *Alexander Lawson* at *Patapsco* Iron-Works, or to my House at *Annapolis*, shall have 20 *s.* Reward, if found on this Side of *Gunpowder* River; or 40 *s.* if found to the Northward of the said River.

May 29, 1745. CHARLES CARROLL.

To be SOLD,

A Likely Servant-Woman, that has 6 Years and a half to serve: She is strong and healthy, can do any Houshold Work, and understands Weaving. Enquire of the Printer hereof. *N. B.* Her principal Failing is Drunkenness.

RUN away from the Subscriber, living at *Choptico*, in St. *Mary*'s County, on the 9th of this Instant *June*, an *Irish* Servant-Man named *James Barker*, about 22 Years of Age, is short and well-set, much pitted with the Small-pox, and pretends to be something of a Sailor. He had with him, a white Whitney Coat and Breeches, a green Callimanco Jacket without Sleeves, a check'd Shirt, a Silk Handkerchief, a white Linen Shirt, a coarse Linen Shirt, and tarr'd Trowsers of the same, two Pair of good Shoes, one Pair of white Thread Stockings, one fine Hat, one old Felt-hat, and a long brown Wig.

Whoever secures the said Servant, so as his Master may have him again, shall have 20 *s.* Reward, if taken in *Maryland*; and 3 *l.* if taken in another Province; besides what the Law allows.

GEORGE BOYD.

ANY Person qualified for a School-Master, according to the Directions of an Act of Assembly of this Province, entituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Learning*, &c. upon his Application to the Visitors of the Public School of *St. Mary*'s County, may find suitable Encouragement.

Signed per Order, JOHN LLEWELLIN, *Regist.*

RUN away from the Subscriber, living in *Fairfax* County, *Virginia*, on the 30th Day of *March* last, an *English* Convict Servant Woman, named *Isabella Pierce*, of a middle Stature, a thin Visage; and limps with her right Leg, which, if examined, will appear to have a large Scar on each Side of the Ancle. Her Apparel, when she went away, was a small Plad Hat, a blue Jacket, a strip'd Swanskin ditto, a Mancks Cloth Petticoat, a Pair of white Plad Stockings, and Country-made Shoes; she is supposed to have changed her Apparel, and to have stolen the Indenture of one *Bridget Castilo*, and to pass by that her Name: She has stolen from the Subscriber two Gold Rings, a Silver Stock-Buckle, and about 6 *l.* in Cash.

Whoever will apprehend the said *Isabella Pierce*, and convey her home, with the Goods, Papers, and Money found upon her, if taken in *Maryland* or *Virginia* Governments, shall have 5 *l.* *Virginia* Curreney Reward; if in *Pennsylvania* or *Carolina*, 6 *l.* like Money; paid by me, living at the Mouth of *Dogue* Creek, on *Potomack* River, in the said County. THOMAS LEWIS.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Persons that are Capable and Willing to undertake the Building of a Brick Chapel of Ease, in the lower Part of *King George* Parish, in *Prince-George's* County, that there is about Seven Hundred and Fifty Pounds to be applied to that Use: And all Persons who are inclinable to undertake said Building, are desired to meet the Gentlemen of the Vestry of the said Parish, at *Piscataway*, on the 30th Day of *July* next, at 10 of the Clock in the Forenoon, in order to agree for the same.

AT the Subscriber's Shop, at the Sign of the Top sail Sloop Block, near the Market-house in *Annapolis*, may be had all Sorts of Blocks for Shipping, at reasonable Rates: All Gentlemen, Planters, and others, may also be supplied with suitable Blocks for Tobacco-Prizes. Also, at the same Place are made and sold Pumps for Shipping and Wells, by T. FLEMING.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his PRINTING-OFFICE in *Charles-Street*; where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper.